

TEXT

Of the Governor's Proclamation Calling on Legislature to Meet.

The full text of Governor William E. Glasscock's proclamation, in which he calls on the legislature to meet January 2 in extra session, is as follows:

I, William E. Glasscock, governor of the state of West Virginia, by virtue of the authority conferred upon me by section seven of article seven of the constitution of the said state, do hereby convene the legislature in extraordinary session, to meet in its chambers, in the capitol building in the city of Charleston, in said state, at noon, on Thursday, the second day of January, A. D., 1913, to act and enter upon the following named business:

First. To pass an act for the holding of primary elections for the nomination by political parties of candidates for public office, including the office of United States senator, and for an expression of a preference of the voters of the state for candidates for president and vice president of the United States; and, in connection therewith, to provide for the selection of political party committees and holding of political party conventions.

Second. To amend and reenact chapter 22 of the acts of the extraordinary session of 1908, commonly known as the "Corrupt Practices Act," or to pass other act or acts having the general purpose and object of that act; that is, to prohibit bribery and all other corrupt acts and practices in or about any election, general, special, or primary, or in or about any caucus, convention or meeting for the nomination or selection of candidates for public office, including candidates for the office of United States senator, and president and vice president of the United States, or of members of a committee of any political party; to prohibit the undue, lavish, or corrupt use of money in or about any such election, or in or about the choosing of candidates for public office, including the office of United States senator and president and vice president of the United States, or the members of political party committees.

Third. To pass an act providing additional remedies to preserve the peace, by prohibiting the employment of private guards and authorizing the appointment by the governor of special police, prescribing the method of their appointment, their duties, their removal and their liabilities; and making it unlawful to carry fire arms and other dangerous weapons on certain properties and prescribing penalties for any violation of the act.

Fourth. To pass an act providing compensation to certain employees for injuries resulting from accidents in the course of their employment.

Fifth. To pass an act providing a salary for sheriffs, clerks of county and circuit courts and prosecuting attorneys with allowances for deputies and clerical assistants, payable out of the county treasury. All fees for services rendered by such officers to be paid into the county treasury.

Sixth. To pass an act providing for county depositories and requiring all interest received on moneys deposited by county treasurers to be credited to the general county fund.

Seventh. To pass an act making the fiscal year for state purposes begin July first and end June thirtieth.

Eighth. To pass an act creating a public service commission and prescribing its powers and duties.

Ninth. To pass an act to aid in the prevention and settlement of strikes and lockouts.

Tenth. To pass an act or acts appropriating money to pay the compensation and mileage of the members, and the compensation of the officers, clerks and other attaches of the legislature and the other expenses of the legislature for this extraordinary session.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the state, at the capitol in the city of Charleston, this sixteenth day of December, A. D., 1912, and in the fiftieth year of the state.

WILLIAM E. GLASSCOCK.
(Seal.)

By the governor:
STUART F. REED,
Secretary of State.

SKULL FRACTURED.
FAIRMONT, Dec. 19.—Louis Felt, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Felt, of Hammond, this county, is at the Miners' hospital suffering from a fractured skull. He was thrown from a horse which he was riding on his father's place at Hammond. The injured boy is 15 years old.

Miss Mary Seger is expected here from Pittsburgh Sunday or Monday to visit friends during the Christmas holidays.

GARY EDUCATION PAYS OWN WAY

Instead of Costing Money Says National Education Commissioner.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 20.—Industrial work in the schools of Gary, Ind., made money instead of costing money during the last year, says Dr. P. P. Claxton, United States commissioner of education. "When the school authorities in Gary came to sum up the results of the work in the trade courses, they found that the three departments of printing, cabinet work and painting had to their credit a profit of \$875.48. This is real value, too; the pupils had made articles that were needed in the school; if they had not made them in the school shops the authorities would have had to purchase them in the open market at a total price of seven or eight hundred dollars."

The commissioner then gives the figures for each of the trade classes in the Gary schools as reported by G. E. Wulding, in charge of the industrial instruction. In the printing department the value of the work produced was \$1,972.92. The salary and expense was \$1,483.49 and supplies cost \$314, leaving a net balance in favor of the shop of \$175.43. There were thirty-five in the printing class, so instead of figuring the per capita cost of the industrial training of these pupils, it was possible to figure a definite contribution by each pupil to the wealth of the community.

"In the cabinet department," says Dr. Claxton, "the product was valued at \$3,608.85, and the expense was \$3,155.37, leaving a balance of \$453.48 in favor of the carpenters. Similarly, the painting department of the school showed a 'business' of \$1,591.25 and an expense of \$1,344.73, or a clear profit of \$246.52."

Gary's conspicuous success with industrial training is an interesting indication of the spread of the modern movement for vocational education, which insists that in addition to teaching the recognized branches the school must give instruction in those subjects that are of most immediate value to the community which supports it. In Gary the dominant interest is trade education; in rural districts it is largely agriculture; in the cities it may be stenography, typewriting and other commercial branches. In any case, it is coming to be felt more and more that an educational system is incomplete that fails to provide vocational training for its citizens."

REYMANN ESTATE

Is Incorporated to Further the Work Instituted by Late Lawrence Raymann.

WHEELING, Dec. 20.—A certificate of incorporation for the estate of the late Lawrence A. Reymann has been filed for record. The estate is organized for the purpose of furthering the work instituted by the late Mr. Reymann, in an effort to furnish a pure milk supply to the residents of this vicinity. The estate will breed and raise Ayrshire cattle and other dairy and beef cattle as well as domestic fowls and animals. The incorporators will deal in certified milk, will do farming and follow other agricultural pursuits.

The estate is capitalized at \$10,000 to operate the "Hill Top Farm" with Anton Reymann, Paul O. Raymann, Anna Reymann, Antoinette Reymann, all of this city, and Emma Cox, of Denver, Colo., as incorporators. The incorporators are father, mother, brother and sister of the late L. A. Reymann.

BURGLARY

Of Northview Store Charged Against Miner and He is Jailed.

On complaint of Harvey Wolfe, a Northview merchant, John Shar, a Perry miner, has been jailed to await a hearing before Justice Carter on a charge of committing burglary at Wolfe's store several weeks ago, when jewelry, shoes and merchandise valued at \$114 were stolen. Wolfe said he found some of the stolen goods at a Monongah store, the proprietor of which said he bought them from Shar. The prisoner will be given a hearing within a few days.

On a search warrant issued Friday, Constable Kearns found articles in two houses owned by Shar at Perry mines which Wolfe said were like some of those stolen from his store.

W. E. Haymond, of Sutton, is a guest at the Waldo.

WITNESS ARCHIBALD IMPEACHMENT CASE



Miss May Boland, stenographer in the office of the Marion Coal company at Scranton, Pa., is in Washington to testify before the senate in the Archibald impeachment trial. When she goes on the stand she will be the second woman to testify before the senate in the history of the country. The other instance was also in an impeachment trial—that of Judge Bradley.

REPORT

Of the Secretary of State for the Month Ended Made Public.

CHARLESTON, Dec. 20.—The report of the secretary of state for the month of November has just been completed and placed on file. It shows the receipts of the month to have been \$5,903.00, divided as follows: From increase of authorized capital stock, \$355; certificates issued to foreign corporations \$160; charters issued to resident corporations \$1,500; to non-resident corporations, \$1,494; for land tax \$200, tax on great seal \$202, from sale of books \$346.50, attorney fees to auditor \$160, and from fees \$1,255.50.

The secretary of state issued fifty-four charters; eighteen to non-resident corporations; ten increased their authorized capital stock, and two foreign corporations were authorized to do business in West Virginia. The dissolution totaled twelve.

Among the larger corporations granted resident charters were: National Bituminous Coal and Coke Company, of Cowa Hill, W. Va., \$2,000,000; Electric Undercurrent Company, of Pennington, W. Va., \$1,000,000; West Virginia Water and Electric Company, of Charleston, W. Va., \$1,000,000; the Ajax Coal and Oil Company, of Gauley Bridge, \$380,000; Shenandoah Valley Railway Company, of Martinsburg, \$500,000; West Virginia Chemical Company, of Clarkburg, \$250,000; Maryland Mining and Fruit Company, of Berkeley Springs, \$200,000; Chesapeake and Potomac Oil Company, of Parkersburg, \$200,000; Island Creek Mineral Company, of Huntington, \$100,000; Central Wholesale Grocery Company, of Williamson, \$100,000; Eureka Coal Company, of Donwood, \$100,000; Porter Lumber Company, of Charleston, \$100,000; Mitchell and Teynsor, Inc., of Wheeling, \$100,000.

Among the non-residents were Northwest Rubber Company, of Akron, O., \$3,000,000; the Cosmos Oil Company, of Pittsburgh, \$1,000,000; Leguitta Oil Company, of Pittsburgh, \$700,000; Northway Motor Company, of Cincinnati, \$600,000; Hardwood Timber and Land Company, of Minneapolis, \$400,000; Presto Fuel Company, of Philadelphia, \$300,000; Clifton Oil Company, of Muncie, Ind., \$160,000. The Southwestern Petroleum Company increased from \$250,000 to \$1,200,000; Consumers' Refining Company from \$250,000 to \$500,000; Pittsburgh and Mt. Shasta Gold Mining and Milling Company from \$1,000,000 to \$1,500,000, and General Refractories Company from \$1,500,000 to \$2,000,000.

IS RECOVERING.

Miss Eva Shinn, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Shinn, of Stealey Heights, is recovering nicely from an attack of appendicitis at St. Mary's hospital, where she underwent a surgical operation for the affliction Wednesday.

THE STAR SHOE SHOP

J. H. CLAY, Proprietor. REPAIRING A SPECIALTY. All Work Done Neatly and Promptly. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. 216 S. Second St. CLARKSBURG.

APPEAL TO CONGRESS TIFT'S ACCUSERS

To Prohibit the Shipment of "Liquor Into "Dry" Territory.

TO HOLD CONFERENCE

Here Shortly After the National Conference in Indianapolis Soon.

A meeting of the state executive committee of the Prohibition party was held at the Waldo hotel here Friday with the Rev. J. W. Bedford, of Persons, chairman; J. E. Cunningham, of Pennington, secretary and treasurer; U. A. Clayton and O. J. Fleming, of Fairmont; T. Marcellus Marshall, of Gilmer county; the Rev. M. Steele, of Gratton; the Rev. I. E. Peters, of this city; and Albert W. Martin, of Haywood, present. It began at 10:30 o'clock Friday morning. One of the objects of the meeting was to make settlement of all accounts of the last campaign and take steps for the coming year's work. A complete itemized report of the receipts and expenditures of the campaign was submitted and approved, showing a total expenditure of \$1,659.11 with all debts paid and cash to the amount of \$26.83 in the treasury of the committee.

The work of the campaign was reviewed and it was shown that the party had several able speakers in the state during the campaign, including Aaron S. Watkins, Eugene Chaffin and Goodloe Jackson all working for the cause of prohibition and standing united for the ratification of the prohibition amendment to the constitution of the state.

The committee passed a resolution favoring the Kenyon-Shepherd bill. The resolution reads as follows:

"We favor the adoption of the Kenyon-Shepherd bill by Congress, and on behalf of the 5,800 Prohibition voters voting for J. Goodloe Jackson for governor, we ask that our representatives and senators in Congress not only vote for this bill but use their influence towards its adoption."

As there is to be a national conference of Prohibitionists held in Indianapolis in January, the committee adopted a resolution calling on the members of that conference to stand with the representatives from West Virginia for a continuation of the present Prohibition policies and for a continuance of the Prohibition party name.

It was announced that a state conference would be held in this city shortly after the national conference in Indianapolis. The date of the proposed conference here will be announced later.

CONVICTS

Are Taken from Cabell County Jail to the State Penitentiary.

HUNTINGTON, Dec. 19.—Six prisoners who were held under sentence in the county jail, most of them having been sentenced at the recent term of criminal court, have been taken to the penitentiary at Moundsville.

Martin Fraley, convicted of embezzlement, was taken away after a year in the county jail. He was convicted a year ago but took successive appeals to the circuit and supreme courts, both of which upheld the action of Judge Taylor in refusing to set aside the verdict of the jury. He must now serve two years in the penitentiary before he is free.

Others who were taken away were Carl Guggston, T. F. Morrison, C. A. Branch and Charles Canterbury. Guggston, who was one of the men who escaped from jail last summer after an assault on J. T. Shupe, the turnkey, was given two years for maiming.

Morrison must serve ten years, having pleaded guilty to forgery on five counts, for which he received sentences of two years each.

Branch was given five years for forgery. Canterbury was sentenced to the penitentiary for two years for maiming, the charge growing out of an assault on his father-in-law.

WILL INVESTIGATE.

PIEDMONT, Dec. 19.—Because of the existence of smallpox at Westernport, just across the Potomac and at Piedmont, as well as near Martinsburg, involving an interstate situation, the marine hospital authorities of Washington will be asked to send a representative to the towns where the disease prevails, to conduct an

UTTER UNTRUTHS

Says He in His Message to Congress Relating to Use of Civil Service.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 20.—President Taft late yesterday afternoon gave Congress his opinion of the charge that he had been playing politics in his recent executive order putting \$6,000 fourth class postmasters under the civil service. The president made the counter charge that his accusers on the floor of the House were telling "untruths" and declared that he deeply regretted the failure of Congress to pass legislation which practically would destroy the "spoils system."

"Criticism has been made of this order on the ground that the motive was political," said the president. "Nothing could be further from the truth. The order was made before the election and in the interest of efficient public service. I have several times requested Congress to give me authority to put first, second and third class postmasters and all other local officers, including internal revenue officers, customs officers, United States marshals, and the local agents of the other departments under the classification of the civil service law by taking away the necessity of confirming such appointments by the Senate. I deeply regret the failure of Congress to follow this recommendation. The change would have taken out of politics practically every local officer, and would have entirely cured the evils growing out of what, under the present law, must always remain a remnant of the spoils system."

The president's advice to Congress was contained in his third message of the year, sent in late yesterday afternoon. It was devoted largely to a review of the accomplishments of several government departments not touched upon in previous messages, and to recommendations for legislation. The president advocated: Legislation which would permit members of the cabinet to sit in either house of Congress, with the right to enter into debate and answer questions, but without a vote.

The addition of the postmaster general's plan for a readjustment of compensation to railways carrying mails especially in view of the conditions which will exist under the parcels post law.

A revision of the land laws to secure conservation and at the same time assure prompt disposition of show of recent date very fine com-

mod that should be turned over to private ownership. Legislation affecting Alaska which would provide for leases of coal lands and in respect to mining claims, the disposition of oil, phosphate and potash lands in the United States.

An act of Congress which would legalize a court authorized to review decisions on the pure food law such as are now made by the Remsen board.

In this connection the president approved the creation of the Remsen board by former President Roosevelt, but said the time had come for Congress to recognize the necessity for "a tribunal of appeal" in pure food cases.

"While we are struggling to suppress an evil of great proportions and like that of impure food," said the president, "we must provide the machinery in the law itself to prevent its becoming an instrument of oppression and we ought to enable those whose business is threatened with annihilation to have some tri-

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gift articles

We were never more anxious to please you. To gratify and satisfy you. To convince you that what you get here is well worth the money. That it is worthy of you, and worthy of a store with a reputation.

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Women's \$1.00 Colored Thread Silk Stockings, 5c pair. That's exactly half regular price— Men's \$1.00 and \$1.50 Thread Silk Sox, 75c pair.

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Women's \$1.50 fine Chamberlay House Dresses—plain Blue and Striped—perfect fitting, nicely made with collar—long sleeves, all sizes—sensible and practical gift to a woman, \$1.00.

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PITTSBURGH, PA.

bunal and some form of appeal in which they have a complete day in court."

The president closed his message with a recommendation that Congress appropriate for a government building at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition at San Francisco and for the beautification of Washington. In his discussion of the capital he said that a public utilities commission was needed. The president expressed opposition to the granting of the elective franchise to citizens of Washington and endorsed the plans of the commission of fine arts for city improvement.

EXHIBIT PRAISED

At the Recent Land Show in the City of Chicago.

The Manufacturer's Record, published in Baltimore, pays the West Virginia exhibit at the Chicago land show of recent date very fine compliments. It says:

Never before has there been such a comprehensive representation of the South's agricultural opportunities at any exposition as was to be found at the United States Land Show in Chicago this year. All the southern states from Texas to the Atlantic were represented, including West Virginia, which has the unique distinction of being classed as the most northern of the southern states, and the most southern of the northern states.

West Virginia's display was tremendous and imposing. It occupied 1,000 square feet in the Coliseum, extending in a strip from the center of the building to the north wall. The southern half of this great bank of exhibits was made up of apples; seven tons of them; beautiful and varied in color and delicious as to flavor. Visitors had ample opportunity to learn the quality of West Virginia apples, as one in every twenty received a coupon entitling him to a choice specimen, and thousands of additional apples were

distributed free on "West Virginia Day," November 30, and on the last day of the show. The other half of the West Virginia exhibit consisted of a high bank of potatoes of the finest quality, cases containing grains and grasses to the state, and a series of glass cylinders several feet high, in which all type of West Virginia soil might be seen in cross section. This was one of the most instructive and well-thought-out exhibits in the Coliseum.

FULL PARDON

Is Granted by President Taft to a Former Federal District Attorney.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—President Taft has granted a full pardon to John T. Hall, a former federal district attorney of Portland, Ore., convicted in 1909, of conspiracy in connection with the unlawful fencing of public lands. The president's action was based on the ground that Hall was innocent.

KILLED

Running from Blast in a Limestone Quarry is James Wilson.

MARTINSBURG, Dec. 20.—Running from a premature blast at the National Limestone Company's quarry, near here, yesterday afternoon, James Wilson was killed and Noah Rankin was fatally injured.

In getting away from the explosion the men were caught underneath a truck loaded with stone. Both were crushed, Wilson dying within an hour after reaching a local hospital. Rankin can not recover. Wilson, aged 35, leaves a widow and three small children.

MARTIAL LAW

Is Held by the Supreme Court of the State to Be Valid.

CHARLESTON, Dec. 20.—By a vote of four to one, the supreme court of appeals has upheld the constitutionality of the proclamation of martial law in the Kanawha coal fields, issued by Governor Glasscock November 15, under which proclamation a military court sentenced nearly a score of persons to prison. The court refused the petition of L. A. Mays and S. F. Nance, prisoners in the state penitentiary, for a writ of habeas corpus.

EMPOWERED TO SIGN.

In the circuit court an order has been entered authorizing Nora L. Pigott, guardian of Ethel F. Pigott, to join in a deed for a lot at Wallace.

SUIT FOR DIVORCE.

BERKELEY SPRINGS, Dec. 20.—Mrs. Peter Yost, of the New Hope neighborhood, this county, has entered a suit for divorce. The reports of a settlement of \$1,000 cash on Mrs. Yost and the deeding to her of an interest in the home farm are incorrect.

PENSIONS GRANTED.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 19.—Pensions have been granted by the pension bureau under the general law to George T. Crossland, of Buena; William S. McKinney, of Masontown; John McWilliams, Henry Wolf, Samuel Freeland and J. D. Benson, of Terra Alta.

IDEAL BANKMANAGEMENT

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